[NUMB. 796.]

THE South-Carolina Gazette.

From MONDAY *Auguſt* 7th, to MONDAY *Auguſt* 14th, 1749.

The bad Tendency of modern GOOD BREEDING.

Let us preſerve the Bleſſing Heaven gave,
Nor loſe the free-born Briton *in the Slave.*

POLITENESS and Good-Manners are ſynonimous Terms for the ſame Accompliſhments. To be polite, was formerly to be courteous without Flattery; learned without Pedantry; affable without Impertinence; gay, without Fantaſticalneſs; and complaiſant without Formality; conſequently the polite Man was endowed with all the Talents of good Senſe, and good Manners.

But by our modern good Breeding, the Generality of People have been taught to form different Ideas of Politeneſs and good Manners: To be polite, they mean, is to have a Taſte for the Elegances of Life, and to enjoy them; that is, to run into all the Luxury, Nonſenſe, and Extravagance, which ſome Fools of Fortune have fixed for the Mode of Life. Good Manners they look on only as the common Civilities which are reciprocally paid from Perſon to Perſon in common Life, and which merely diſtinguiſh People in the middle Rank of Mankind from the vulgar Behaviour of thoſe in the loweſt. From this Notion our fine Gentlemen and fine Ladies have loſt the real Characteriſtic of good Manneres in the falſe Delicacy of affected Politeneſs; and to exceed an honeſt decent Complaiſance, which Good Manners only requires, they have launched into all the Extravagance of artful Ceremony, and deceitful Flattery. Our plain Forefathers juſtly thought that a *humane Diſpoſition*, a *Knowledge* of the World, and a benevolent Heart, were all requiſite to form a Man of Manners: Nor need a ſtronger Proof be brought of this Aſſertion, than the Motto of a famous Biſhop of *Wincheſter*,

Manners make the Man, ſaith William *of* Wickham.

What different Qualifications from theſe are ſeen in Perſons who are modernly polite? Eſteem and Affections are Things which their Hearts never feel; they make no Diſtinction between a Man of Honour and Honeſty, and the moſt notorious Sharper or profligate Villain: Nor is the Woman of Virtue received with more (if with ſo much) Civility, as the Woman whoſe ill Conduct and ill Fame have made her Character notorious: Thus the Politeneſs of our Age confounds Virtue and Vice, and makes them equally reſpected. Our Forefathers might not indeed behave with ſo polite an Air, and ſqueeze by the Hand, and ſmile in the Face of every Perſon who addreſſed them, yet they had ſuch a Diſtinction paid them as was more worthy their Character; for the Complaiſance ſhewn to them was the Conſequence of a reſpectful Eſteem. There may be ſome of ſo refin'd a Taſte, as to laugh at this old faſhion'd downright Way of Behaviour, practis'd in Days of Yore: Yet I muſt tell them, it was a ſurer Sign of a gallant Spirit, of a brave and free Soul, than all the refin'd Delicateneſs into which our modern Politeneſs has degenerated.

But it may be proper to conſider how far our good Breeding at preſent, conduces to that Luxury and Extravagance which is equally predominant in both Sexes.

The Modes of Living, as well as of common Behaviour, are obſerv'd to be fix'd by the People of the firſt Rank and moſt Diſtinction in a Nation: Perſons through every ſubordinate Claſs, as far as in their Power, imitate that Faſhion which their Superiors have authorized, from an Ambition to appear not ignorant of what is eſteemed faſhionable and polite. If therefore any Nobility and Gentry fall into Corruption and Luxury, they will have too many Imitators who will forfeit their Quiet, their Honour and Honeſty, to indulge themſelves, though but by a ſhort-liv'd Extravagance, in what is called the Elegances of polite Life. But by an Imitation of the Characters of the *old Britons*, tho' we may not become ſo polite as ſome other Nations, we ſhall maintain what all other Nations envy, a *perfect Freedom*.

Extract of a private letter from Hamburgh, April 1.

'The great difficulty of writing any thing with certainty from hence, has been the ſole reaſon of that delay of which you complain; and the chief reaſon of my writing now is to remove that complaint, tho' I muſt confeſs it is not poſſible to anſwer, with any degree of certainty, ſo much as one of the queſtions that you have propoſed. It is true that we are ſeated, as you expreſs it, in the centre of action, which however cannot entitle us to any extraordinary intelligence before any action is begun; but as to the advices you have received that things are much farther advanced than they were, you have certainly no reaſon to blame your correſpondent, as the fact is undoubtedly true, not barely with reſpect to the remittances for money here and at Dantzick, but on the ſcore alſo of the uſes to which this money ſeems to be deſtined; and if any lights I can give you will contribute to explain what from other quarters you have received, I ſhall communicate all I know in as ſuccinct a manner as I can, and ſhall be able in a poſt or two to write more copiouſly and clearly.

As for, the armaments in Sweden, they are viſibly of ſuch a nature as ſhew they are not made without aſſiſtance from ſome other country, or purely upon the ſcorce of ſelf-defence; what ſome people have publiſhed, and others have pretended to believe here, in reference to their troops in Finland, as if they were no way capable of making head againſt the Ruſſians; and that conſequently to ſuſpect the Swedes of acting offenſively is an abſurdity, will appear in quite another light when it ſhall be conſidered, that if the Swedes had ever ſo great an army, they could not as things ſtand now, keep them in Finland in the winter for want of magazines; and on the other hand, there is nothing at preſent more out of queſtion, than that how pacific ſoever their intentions may be, the very utmoſt force they are able to bring into the field, is without any noiſe put upon ſuch a foot, as that in a month's time it may be actually able to enter it.

The ſtates of the dutchy of Courland are not to be accounted either haſty or dilatory in their preparations for an election: there is do doubt of their being quick enough, if they were abſolutely left to their own choice, becauſe their country ſuffers, as all countries muſt do from not being under the direction of its proper conſtitution. In the preſent ſituation of things, they ſeem diſpoſed to an election whenever preſſed to it by the Poles, merely to avoid an union with that republic, in the ſame manner as the great dutchy of Lithuania, with which they are every day threatened. But as to the election itſelf, it is equally impoſſible that they ſhould be able to pleaſe every body, or to pleaſe themſelves; the latter, perhaps, would be very imprudent, and as to the former, if they gratify one of their neighbours, it would offend the other; and if they oblige that other, their election will be conſidered as made under force, ſo that which ever way they move, a handle may be taken from their conduct to begin a war in the North, upon a plauſible pretence.

Some there are who pretend that various ſchemes are in embryo, with reference to this election; and that to give time for fixing on ſome expedient which may pacify at leaſt, if not ſatisfy all parties, it will be put off till May, if not to June. Others, who have been hitherto eſteemed perſons of the deeper reach, look upon all this as diſcourſe only fit to deceive ſome, and amuſe many; for in their apprehenſion, this buſineſs of Courland, tho' a matter of great concern, yet is only one point out of ſeveral in which the old and new ſyſtems differ; and therefore unleſs all points are adjuſted, it would be to no purpoſe to ſuggeſt any expedient as to this; and whenever they are adjuſted, we may venture to aſſert, that an expedient of this nature may without any great difficulty be found.

Taking

Taking it in this light, we ſtill conſider it as the criſis. If the ſtates proceed immediately to an election, it is a ſign that both parties are reſolved to appeal to force; if it is delayed, we may conclude that the potentates whom it concerns are irreſolute; but if there is ſo much as a tittle of truth in the remour of a new candidate, we ſhall then expect to ſee the clouds diſperſe, the horizon grow clear, and the ſummer make as bright an appearance in the North, as it will be ſure to do elſewhere.

Let me however conclude ſoberly and ſeriouſly, with aſſuring you, that tho' this laſt event is very poſſible, yet I am very far from thinking it probable, and that for a very odd reaſon; which is, that ſuch as openly eſpouſe the cauſes of the ſeveral parties in theſe diſputes, are unanimous in their ſentiments, that there will be no war, but that thro' the interpoſition of two powerful courts, a negotiation will be ſet on foot for terminating all things amicably. Now if there was any thing of reality in theſe declarations, methinks that negotiation would have been already ſet on foot; and as it is very certain that neither of thoſe courts have ſo much as a miniſter reſiding with the powers which it is preſumed they muſt pacify, but on the contrary are known to be in a ſtate of coldneſs with thoſe courts themſelves, it looks as if a previous negociation was neceſſary to make way for that mediation from which this pacification is to be hoped; which as April is now begun, and the troops every where in motion, has not a very promiſing aſpect. A very ſhort time will now deliver us from all theſe perplexities, and you ſhall then receive ſomething that will be more worth your reading, from, &c.

CUSTOM-HOUSE CHARLES-TOWN, *Enter'd inwards.*

Schooner Friendſhip, Andrew McCorkhall, and
Schooner Elizabeth, Patrick Murray, from *St. Auguſtine.*

Entered Outwards.

None.

Cear'd for Departure.

Ship Fortroſe, James Mackenzie, to London.
Schooner Chance, Edward Seymore, to Cape-Fear.

EXPORTED from this Place, ſince the firſt of November 1748,

Rice, 40,218 Barrels.	Turpentine, 1,428 Barrels.
Pitch, 3,667 Barrels.	Deer-Skins, 516 Hhds.
Tar, 2,933 Barrels.	Indico, 119,901 *lb.*

PRICE CURRENT at CHARLES-TOWN,

(Of the Country Growth and Manufacture.)

By the Barrel.

Beef, 6 *l.*
Pork, 10 *l.*
Rice per Cent. 65 to 70 *ſ.*
Pitch 60 to 65 *ſ.*
Tar, 55 *ſ.* to 60
Turpentine, 12 *ſ.* 6
Rozin, 8 *ſ.*

By the Pound.

Indigo, 15, 17 *ſ.* 6, & 20 *ſ.*
Deer-Skins, 12 to 15 *ſ.*
Tann'd Leather, 2 *ſ.* 10 *d.* to 3 *ſ.*

By the Thouſand.

Pipe Staves, 30 *l.*
Hogſhead ditto, 20 *l.*
Barrel ditto, white Oak, 8 *l.*
Ditto, red Oak, 7 *l.*
Bricks, 5 *l.*
Cypreſs Shingles, 3 *l.* 10

By the Buſhel.

Corn, 12 *l.* 6
Peaſe, 12 *l.* 6

By the Hundred Feet.

Featheredge Boards, 37 *ſ.* 6
Cypreſs ditto, 6 *l.* 10, to 10 *l.*
Pine Inch Boards, 40 to 45 *ſ.*
Cypreſs ditto, 3 *l.* 10 *s.*
Pine Timber, 3 *l.* to 3 *l.* 10
Pine Scantling, 3 *l.*
Pine Plank, 3 *l.* to 3 *l.* 10

Green Hides, 20, to 25 *ſ.*

EXCHANGE at LONDON, 700 to 715 *per Cent.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A choice parcel of healthy SLAVES, juſt arrived from the *Windward Coaſt* of *Africa*, in the Snow *Brownlow*, Capt. *Jackſon*, to be ſold on the 22d Inſtant, on reaſonable Terms, by

KENNAN & CAMPBELL.

Who have a parcel of choice *Madera* Wines to ſell.

TO BE SOLD, a very handſome, ſtrong, and faſhionable Coach. Enquire of WILLIAM GLEN.

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber opens an evening ſchool on monday the 28th inſtant: And continues his day-ſchool as uſual; where the greateſt care is taken to teach children to the ſatisfaction of ſuch as (for that purpoſe) employ *Their very humble Servant,*

Mark Anthony Beſſilieu.

THE Houſe in *King-ſtreet*, wherein Mrs. *Elizabeth Timothy* lately dwelt, is to be lett. Any perſon inclined to hire, may treat with the printer hereof.

At a Court of Common Pleas begun and holden at Charles-Town, *on Tueſday the 8th Day of* Aug. 1749.

CULCHETH GOLIGHTLY, JOHN COMMANDER, and JOHN ATCHISON, having been duely ſummoned and returned to ſerve as jurors at ſaid court, made default; for which they are fineable at *five pounds proclamation money* each, unleſs they and each of them can ſhew good and ſufficient excuſe, upon oath, why the ſaid fines ſhould not be reſpectively levied at the ſaid court to be holden on the *firſt tueſday* in *October* next, purſuant to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province in that caſe made and provided. JAMES WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

N.B. *A ſufficient excuſe taken before a magiſtrate, and tranſmitted (in time) to the clerk, will be admitted.*

WHEREAS there was a ſilver buckle ſet with ſtones, found in the *Broad-ſtreet*, by a negro man, on the 4th inſtant, and as there hath been an advertiſement affixed at the watch-houſe this week paſt, and no one been to claim it, I therefore apprehend it may belong to ſome perſon in the country, for whoſe benefit this notice is deſigned: If any one can prove their property therein, may have it again, paying the charge of this advertiſement and a reward to the negro, by applying to

Robert Auſtin.

THE Members of the SEGOON-POP CLUB, are deſired to meet on friday evening next, preciſely at 17 minutes after 7 o'clock, in order to chooſe a preſident for the enſuing year, as the late worthy preſident is retired to a country-ſeat for his health. *L. D. Dep. Sec.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA. WHEREAS *Gregory Haynes*, of the ſaid Province, hath exhibited his Petition to the Chief Juſtice and any two Aſſiſtant Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province, on Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of *William Yeomans*, for a Debt to him juſtly due, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to one or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt, all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule thereof being annexed to his ſaid Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly in ſuch Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore ORDERED*, and the ſaid *William Yeomans*, and all others to whom the ſaid *Gregory Haynes* is in any wiſe indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Meeting of the Court of *Common Pleas* which ſhall happen next after *Thirty* Days from the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid *Gregory Haynes* ſhould not be entitled to the Benefit of the ſaid Acts, upon his complying with the Terms therein preſcribed. *Auguſt* 14, 1749. J. WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

ANY perſon claiming any of the following creatures, may have them again, proving their property before the ſubſcriber. A large pyde brindle ſteer, marked in one ear with a ſwallow fork, in the other an under keel, branded on: A dun ſteer with a white face, marked in one ear with a ſwallow fork, in the other a crop and three ſlits: A ſorrel ſtallion, about 12 hands high, with a ſtar and ſnip, no brand: A black and white ſtag, marked in one ear with a crop, upper and under keel, in the other a crop and under keel. *John Skene.*

WHEREAS I am fully authorized and impowered by *William Jolliff* of *Great-Britain*, to collect and receive the ſeveral debts which are due to the ſaid *Jolliff* within this province: Theſe are therefore to give notice to all the ſaid *Jolliff*'s debtors, that they forthwith diſcharge and pay off to me, the ſeveral debts by them owing, whether the ſame be by bond, note, accompt or otherwiſe. And I do hereby (in behalf of the ſaid *Jolliff*) expreſsly forbid and forwarn them from paying any of ſaid debts, or any part of them, to mr. *Thomas Olive* of *Charles-Town*, he having no authority to receive the ſame: And in caſe any of the ſaid debtors ſhould be under any doubt concerning my authority, I do hereby engage to indempnify and ſave them harmleſs, for any payments made to me, from all perſons whatever.

John Guerard.

WHEREAS *an Advertiſement has appeared in the* Gazette (No. 795) *ſign'd* John Guerard, *forbidding the Payment of* any *of Mr.* Jolliff's *Debts to me, alledging his having a ſufficient Power to receive them: This is to certify whom it may concern*, that I have not, nor ſhall demand any Debt I am not juſtly and lawfully entitled to receive. *If ſaid* Guerard *or any other has any juſt or lawful Demands on me, either on their own or others Accompts, I am always ready and willing to anſwer the ſame.*

THOMAS OLIVE.

THE Subſcriber *earneſtly entreats* all perſons indebted to him on bond, note or book, to diſcharge the ſame by the 31ſt of *December*, as he is under a neceſſity of ſettling with his creditors as ſoon as poſſible, intending for *London* in the ſpring.

SAMUEL CARNE.

He ſtill continues to ſell as uſual, DRUGGS, chemical, galenical and family MEDICINES, at the loweſt rates. Alſo the following Cordial Waters,— citron and uſquebaugh at 6 *l. per* gallon, cinamon at 5 l. lemon, orange, clove, tanſey, aniſeed, ſalary, and mint, at 40 *ſ.* ſpirit of wine at 4 l.—and exceeding good bitters at 40 *ſ. per* Quart.

Great Allowances will be made to thoſe that take Quantities of Cordial Waters at a Time, or pay ready Money.

He alſo fits out boxes of medicines for the plantations, ſea ſurgeons, and commanders of ſhips, with ſuitable directions, from 15 to 100 *l.* price.

And takes the Produce at Market Price in all Payments.

RUN AWAY, a Negro Man named *Philander*, aged about twenty years, and is well known in *Charles-Town*, where he lately waited on his maſter, *Benjamin Whitaker*, Eſq; he uſually wears a blue broad cloth coat and black waſtcoat, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured in town. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid negro, and deliver him to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive 5 *l.* reward, from

William George Freeman.

EXCEEDING good French CLARRET in Bottles, to be ſold at my Store in *Broad-ſtreet*.

John Sinclair.

THIS is to give notice, that on thurſday the 25th day of this inſtant *Auguſt*, preciſely at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of *Thomas Blythe*, in *Broad-ſtreet*, will begin the draught of tickets by ſale, for the houſe and gardens of the late mr. *Anderſon*, plate, furniture, &c. where all perſons concerned are deſired to give their attendance.——*N.B.* The few tickets left, are in the hands of mr. *Charles Stevenſon*, *Iſaac Foſter*, and *James Sharp*.

ANY perſon inclin'd to rent the Ferry commonly called *Hobcaw*, may treat with *Lempriere & Saverance* living at ſaid place, being as preſent no ferry kept at *Hobcaw*.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber's plantation at *Stono*, about *April* laſt, a negro fellow named *Jack*, lately belonging to Mr. *Robert Thorpe* (and was his driver) and formerly to Mr. *Pendarvis* deceaſed; he is a middle aged tall negro, very ſenſible, and ſpeaks good *Engliſh*, is very expert in hunting, and is pretty well ſtock'd with cloaths. Whoever brings him to the ſaid plantation, the work houſe, or to me in *Charles-Town*, ſhall have 20 l. reward, beſides lawful charges.

Rawlins Lowndes.

A *DANCING-SCHOOL* will be opened, at Miſs *Mary de Roſthelin*'s on the Bay, on the firſt Day of *September* next, where young Ladies and Gentlemen ſhall be taught with the utmoſt Care, at the uſual Rates, by

Their moſt obedient Servant, JAMES CLIQUET.

☞ The ſaid School will be kept three Days in the Week; the other three Days he ſets apart to teach Gentlemen the Science of DEFENCE: He will alſo attend on ſuch as chuſe it, at their Houſes. Enquire for him at Mr. *John Fouquett*'s.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, who are removed into one of mr. *Thomas Elliott*'s new tenements on the bay, next door to meſſrs *Lenox & Deas*, have lately *IMPORTED* in the *Fortroſe*, capt. *Mackenzie*, and in the laſt veſſels from *England*, a large aſſortment of cordage, ſail cloth, *Dutch* and *Engliſh* twine & ſhoe thread, variety of cotton hollands and cotton gowns, cambricks, chints, ſpotted, flower'd and long lawns, muſlins, white & brown hollands, china, beſt hyſon, green and bohea tea, check'd linnen, garlix, pavillion gauze, diaper and damaſk table cloths, ruſſia linnen and huckaback for towelling, hoes, nails, very neat ſconce glaſſes in mahogony frames, pickles, florence and linſeed oyl and white lead, new faſhion'd copper coolers, floor and table carpets, umbrelloes, currans and raiſins in jars, fine ſteel grates and braſs fenders, gun powder, ſhip chandlery,—with variety of haberdaſhery, cutlery, and ſtationary wares, and many other kinds of goods proper for the ſeaſon ROBERT PRINGLE, & Comp.

Beſt GUN-POWDER, and the proper ſized DEER-SHOT exceeding good, to be ſold at my Shop in *Elliott-ſtreet*.

JOSEPH CHILD.

TO BE SOLD on a cheap purchaſe, at the point near to Col. Pinckney's, *a pleaſant well-finiſhed brick houſe, three ſtory high, two rooms on a floor, with a brick kitchen, chair-houſe, and ſtable for three horſes, with ſeveral other very good conveniences. Alſo, joining the ſaid lott, two ſmaller brick houſes, which let at 75 l. a year each, to be ſold ſeparate or together. And the lot and houſe I live in, in* King-ſtreet, *with ſeveral convenient buildings on it, very fit for any kind of buſineſs whatever. Enquire of* John Vaun *in* King-ſtreet.

THESE are to give Notice, that according to ſubſcription, will be raffled for, the plantation where *Andrew Slann* now dwells, containing 15 or 1600 acres, more or leſs, it is about 24 miles from *Charles-Town*, 5 from *Dorcheſter*, and 3 from *Bacon's* bridge, great part of which is good for rice, corn, or indigo, it has on it a large brick dwelling houſe, pleaſantly ſituated, with other convenient out-houſes; it is alſo very well timber'd with good yellow pine, cypreſs, and other ſorts, all very convenient for ſawing; alſo ſeveral large and deep ponds, wherein may be had plenty of fiſh. The ſubſcribers are deſired to give their attendance on the day that will be appointed, to throw their ſeveral chances, & thoſe who cannot attend muſt appoint others to throw for them, and if any of the ſubſcribers ſhall not attend, nor appoint others to throw for them, then ſome perſon preſent, will be choſen for that purpoſe, by a majority of the company, this will be neceſſary to prevent delay, for as every ſubſcriber's name, with the number of his chances, will be wrote on a piece of paper, and put into a box, to be drawn by a boy, and as the chances muſt be raffled for, in the order they are drawn, the whole raffle will be delayed, by non-attendance of the ſubſcribers, or others for them, unleſs ſome perſon in either of theſe caſes be choſen to throw their chances.

N.B. Any perſon inclinable to ſubſcribe, may ſee the ſubſcription paper, by applying to mr. *Humphry Sommers* in *Charleſtown*.

THESE are to give Notice to the Creditors of mr. *John Atchiſon*, that he is ready and willing to give up and aſſign, to any two or more of them in truſt for the whole, all and ſingular his lands, ſlaves, debts, and eſtate whatſoever, and in particular all claim and demand which in right of his wife he now has, againſt the ſeveral eſtates of col. *Thomas Lynch* and *Sabina Lynch* deceas'd; RESERVING for the immediate ſupport of his family, 6 ſlaves, and receiving from his creditors, on executing the ſaid aſſignment, a general releaſe and diſcharge.——All of the ſaid creditors accepting or refuſing ſuch delivery and aſſignment, are deſired immediately to ſignify to me ſuch their acceptance or refuſal, and the effect thereof ſhall be communicated to them, by

John Crokatt.